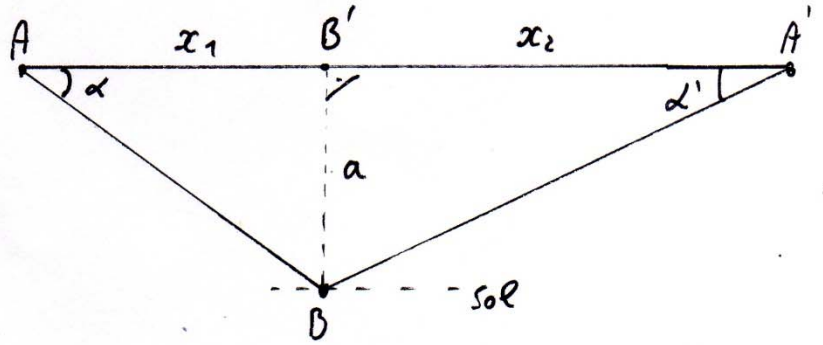


exercice 3

* Données :

- * $\sphericalangle B'AB = \sphericalangle \alpha$
 $\alpha = 18,9^\circ$
- * $\sphericalangle B'A'B = \sphericalangle \alpha'$
 $\alpha' = 9,72^\circ$
- * $BB' = a = 1200 \text{ m}$
- * calculer $x = AA'$



* Résolution :

Soit $x_1 = AB'$ et $x_2 = A'B'$ et $B' = p_{\perp}(B) \in [AA']$

$$\text{On a } \tan(\alpha) = \frac{BB'}{AB'} = \frac{a}{x_1} \quad \text{et} \quad \tan(\alpha') = \frac{BB'}{A'B'} = \frac{a}{x_2}$$

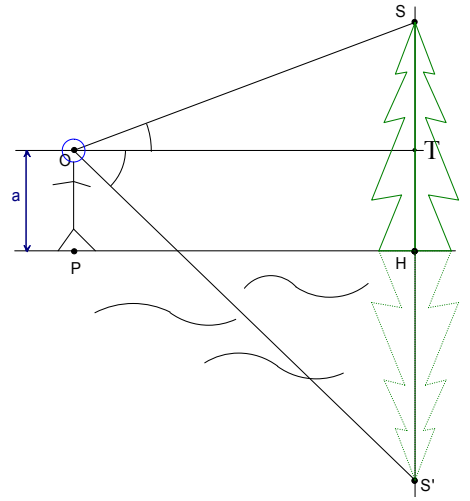
$$\Leftrightarrow x_1 = \frac{a}{\tan(\alpha)} \quad \text{et} \quad x_2 = \frac{a}{\tan(\alpha')}$$

d'où $x = AA' = AB' + B'A'$ car $B' \in [A, A']$

$$\Leftrightarrow x = \frac{a}{\tan(\alpha)} + \frac{a}{\tan(\alpha')} \quad \Leftrightarrow x = a \cdot \frac{\tan(\alpha') + \tan(\alpha)}{\tan(\alpha) \cdot \tan(\alpha')}$$

appl. num. : $x = 1200 \cdot \frac{\tan(9,72^\circ) + \tan(18,9^\circ)}{\tan(9,72^\circ) \cdot \tan(18,9^\circ)}$

$$\text{et } x \simeq 10\,510,48 \text{ m}$$



- 4) Données :
- * angle d'élevation: $\alpha = 23,9^\circ$ (cf figure)
 - * angle de dépression: $\beta = 27,3^\circ$ (cf figure)
 - * hauteur de l'observateur: $a = 1,8$ [m]
 - * largeur du canal: $x = PH$

Résolution On a $SH = S'H$ et $SH = ST + TH$ $\left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \\ \end{array} \right\} TH = OP = a$
 $= ST + a$

ds le triangle $\triangle OTS$, rect. en T: $\tan(\alpha) = \frac{ST}{OT} = \frac{ST}{x}$ ($OT = PH = x$)

ds le triangle $\triangle OTS'$, rect. en T: $\tan(\beta) = \frac{S'T}{OT} = \frac{S'H + TH}{x}$
 $= \frac{SH + a}{x} = \frac{ST + 2a}{x}$

On a: $\begin{cases} \tan(\alpha) = \frac{ST}{x} \\ \tan(\beta) = \frac{ST + 2a}{x} \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} ST = x \cdot \tan(\alpha) \\ \tan(\beta) = \frac{x \cdot \tan(\alpha) + 2a}{x} \end{cases}$

$\Rightarrow x \tan(\beta) - x \tan(\alpha) = 2a \Leftrightarrow x = \frac{2a}{\tan(\beta) - \tan(\alpha)}$

- a.m.: $x = \frac{2 \cdot 1,8}{\tan(27,3^\circ) - \tan(23,9^\circ)} \cong 49,31$ [m]